Flora enlisted in the Union Army in the summer of 1862 when he was between 15 to 17 years old. He served in the Kentucky 7th Calvary, Company K until the end of the Civil War.

Flora’s military records show that if there was bad luck to be had during his service, he probably had it. He contracted smallpox. He was captured twice by Confederate troops, at the battles of Richmond, Kentucky and Dandridge, Tennessee. He was stabbed and shot during his captivities. He suffered frostbite after being released from one captivity (his written statement said his shoes were confiscated while he was a prisoner and his feet froze on the long walk back). He was charged with desertion (the charges were later dropped). He suffered a permanent injury after being ordered on top of a railroad car, which lurched forward and threw him to the ground, shattering his right kneecap against the rails. This injury left him unable to stand for very long or walk very far.

In the 1890s, he was belatedly awarded a pension which by the end of his life reached an entire $17 per month, hardly enough for him and his new family to live on. He drifted from place to place throughout the years, dragging his family along with him until they ended up in Wichita near the end of the great cattle drive years. He later spent time in a soldiers' home in Chicago before ending up in Kansas City, KS, and remarrying.

Callaway Manning Flora
Born 1845 in Nicholas Kentucky
Died May 1907 at 62 years old
In Wyandotte County, Kansas
Gary Apostle drowned in a swimming hole near Brenner Creek at the age of eleven. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Apostle. This tombstone has an unique hidden photograph.
Harry Shaffenburg

BIRTH
18 Nov 1868

DEATH
11 May 1896 (aged 27)

His mother Kate Shaffenburg was a Native of the Wyandot Nation Tribe. She was also the sister of Silas Armstrong, a wealthy land owner in the city of Wyandott.

Kate D. Armstrong Shaffenburg

Birth Unknown

Death January 19, 1921
Winfield Freeman was born January 3, 1848 in London, OH. At the age of ten he was left orphaned and sold papers on the streets and on the train during the Civil War in order to make a living. When he was thirty-six he moved to Kansas City, KS. Winfield Freeman served as a county attorney and was appointed probate judge of Wyandotte County in 1903. It was during his activities as attorney for the Kansas City Elevated Railway Company that Winfield Freeman gained state-wide fame. Freeman Avenue was named for him after he erected a home of Queen Anne architecture on the northwest corner of that street and Sixth Street.

The Freemans were staunch members of the Washington Avenue Methodist Church. Reba Freeman, like her husband, devoted much of her life to the study of the Bible. It is believed that Bethany Methodist Hospital was established largely through Reba Freeman’s influence. The story is that she felt the need for the hospital and interested friends in the church in pushing the hospital movement. It is said she would go so far as to sell her diamond ring to help fund the hospital.
George Gray served as the Mayor of Kansas City, Kansas, from 1906 to 1907. Known as the “first resident of Kansas City, KS,” and the oldest resident at the time of his death, at 102. He quit school to become an apprentice pharmacist in Kansas City, MO, where he began to study medicine. In March 1879, Gray received his medical degree. He continued his studies at Bellevue Hospital, in New York, and opened his first practice on Minnesota Ave. He assisted Father Kuhls in establishing St. Margaret’s Hospital, the first in Kansas City, KS.
Klamm was one of the early settlers of the community. He owned farmland between Quindaro Boulevard, Parallel Avenue, 18th and 27th Streets in Kansas City, Kansas. This is where Klamm Park is located today.

Johann Christoph Klamm

BIRTH
20 Apr 1821 Rheinland-Pfalz, Germany

DEATH
30 Aug 1885 (aged 64)
Joseph Thomas Butterweck
Born October 12, 1876
Died June 17, 1895  18 years old

George Edward Butterwick
Born May 17, 1880
Died June 17, 1895  15 years Old

While Henry Butterweck, a farmer living on the Parallel road five miles west of the city, and his three sons and a colored man were at work in the harvest field about 3 o'clock Monday afternoon, a bolt of lightning descended upon them killing two of his sons and knocking the colored man down. Mr. Butterweck and his other son were uninjured and the colored man received only a severe shock from the effects of which he soon recovered. One of the victims of the lightning was 18 years old and the other about 15 years. Mr. Butterweck is a native of Switzerland and has been a resident of this county for the past twenty-five years and is an honest, industrious, upright man, highly respected and esteemed by his neighbors. His affliction is a severe one and he has the sympathy of his neighbors and friends in this hour of trial. Invitations were out for the marriage of his daughter yesterday, but instead of a wedding two of the family were buried.
“Libbie” May Dickinson, a cousin of poet Emily Dickinson, arrived in Quindaro with her widowed mother, three younger sisters, and older brother William in April 1859. For the next several years she taught school in Quindaro and Wyandott. In April 1862, Dickinson taught twenty-four pupils in a school held in the Quindaro Congregational Church. That Fourth of July she attended a Quindaro area picnic with about 500 attendees. In March 1863, she began another school term in Quindaro. Dickinson watched as the town of Quindaro slowly declined.

She went on to become the first librarian in the Kansas City Public Library. She was buried in an unmarked grave in the family plot. A dedication and placement of a marker was held in 1976. The marker was paid for by collections gathered by the Wyandotte County Historical Society.
William Hogarty was called to the Battle of Fredericksburg on December 13, 1862. At that time Lance Corporal Hogarty was wounded by a four inch solid shot striking him just above the elbow, tearing off his left arm, necessitating subsequent amputation at the shoulder. The force of the blow whirled him around. He fell, landing on his right arm and elbow, although he was not rendered unconscious. Three of his comrades, seeing him fall came to his assistance. A tourniquet was applied to Hogarty’s arm, but he refused to leave the battery.
Death of Dr. P. D. Hughes

Occurred Yesterday—Had Suffered for 1 Year with a Cancer.

After suffering for more than a year with cancer of the stomach, Dr. Peter David Hughes, chief of the surgical staff of Bethany hospital and who was one of the founders of that institution, died at 4 o’clock yesterday afternoon at his home, 720 Ann avenue. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o’clock from the home and will be in charge of the Knight Templars.

Dr. Hughes was one of the most widely known physicians of the country and state. He was born in Newport, England, in 1855, and came to America in 1862. Two years later he received medical degrees from the College of Medicine at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and afterward studied at the New York Polyclinic school at New York city. Dr. Hughes began his practice in Brooklyn and in 1885 united in marriage to Miss Katherine Stemen, daughter of Dr. C. B. Stemen. Dr. and Mrs. Hughes came to this city in 1885 and remained here the remainder of his life where he enjoyed a fine practice.

Bethany hospital was founded in 1891 by Dr. Hughes, the late Dr. W. T. Hoyt and two Methodist deaconesses. The two physicians were the hospital staff and the two deaconesses the nurses. The hospital now has a staff of 30 physicians and 25 nurses.

Dr. Hughes was president of the Northeast Medical association in 1905-6 and a member of the American Medical Association.

The deceased is survived by his widow, a daughter, Mrs. Rheua H. Day; an aged father, and a brother, Arthur C. Hughes of Long Island.
**Dr. Katherine Stemen Hughes** was born on February 9, 1862 in Kalida, OH. She was the daughter of Dr. C.B. Stemen. She graduated Taylor University in Fort Wayne.

A year after graduation from Fort Wayne Methodist College, she married Dr. Peter Davis Hughes on May 10, 1885. The same year, they moved to Kansas City, KS. Katherine went on to graduate from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Kansas City, MO in 1896.

Dr. Katherine Stemen Hughes was considered one of the city’s most prominent women physicians and leaders in civic organizations.

Dr. Peter Hughes and Dr Katharine Hughes are the grandparents of the famous Dr. Hughes Day. Their daughter was Rheua Hughes Day, who is also buried with her parents in Mount Hope Cemetery.
Rheia Hughes Day is the mother of the Dr. Hughes Day.

Dr. Hughes Day opened the first coronary care unit in the United States in Bethany Medical Center in Kansas City, Kansas. He was also the first to organize all the tools and drugs needed for cardiac arrest in one place, which became known as a "crash cart." Dr. Hughes Day is buried in Johnson County.
Enlistment records indicate both brothers enlisted on December 23, 1940 in the National Guard. Vernon was the younger brother, but appears to have lied about his age at the time of enlistment using 1920, not 1923 as his birth year.

Both are listed on the Honor Roll for Kansas WWII Casualties. 

Sgt. Vernon Adams
Born June 22, 1923
Died July 19, 1944

Lt. Rodney Adams
Born December 30, 1921
Died September 19, 1944

The brothers were killed in action exactly 2 months apart.
A double burial took place on October 10, 1948
Josephine George Edgecomb

Born January 17, 1881
Died December 23, 1946

Josephine Edgecomb has a handmade marker, with stones set into a cement block, probably made by one of her many children.

Her name is misspelled and the faint name below looks like her death date. Her last husband, Elmer Edgecomb, is buried next to her with no marker. His birth year is unknown, but he died in 1949.